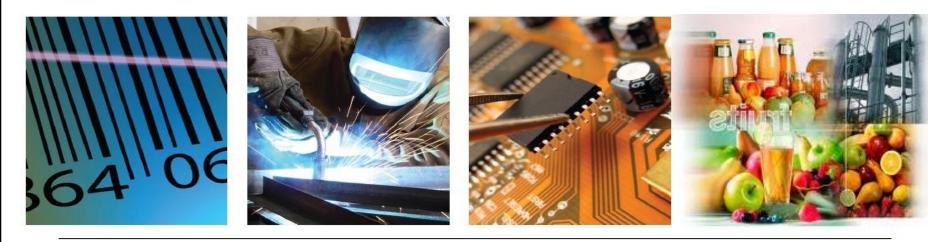


Ministry of Industrialization & Enterprise Development



Keynote Address

UNIDO Green Technology Forum

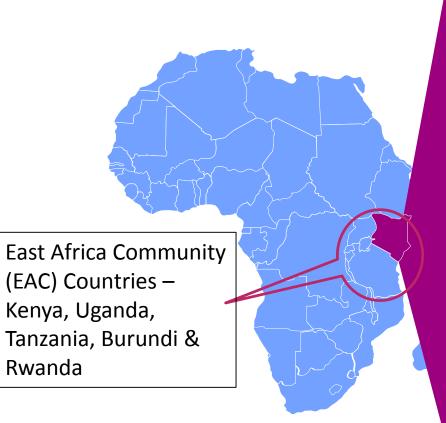
By: Dr. Wilson Songa, MBS – Principal Secretary

"Theme: Promoting Green Technologies for Inclusive and Sustainable Industrial Development with Public and Private Partnerships" : Tokyo, Japan – 12th November 2014



- Background on Kenya, EAC, & COMESA Region
- 2. Policies for Green Economy
- 3. Green Energy Projects
 - Technologies in use
 - Energy generation
 - Ongoing projects
- 4. Green Energy Project opportunities

1.1 Kenya: East Africa's Growing Economic Giant



Kenya

Economic indicators

- 4th Largest economy in Africa
- Has population of 43 million
- Gateway to EAC
- Largest Economy in the EAC contributing 40% of the region's GDP

East African Community (EAC)

- 5 East African countries
- Population of 135 million
- US\$ 5.5 Billion in intra-EAC trade in 2013

1.2 Preferential access to regional markets

COMESA & EAC Markets



The Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA)

- Kenya is a member of COMESA
- Population of 430 million
- 19 African countries
- US\$ 18 Billion in intra-COMESA trade in 2013
- Duty and quota free trade area

2. Policies for Green Economy

- a) Green Economy initiatives on-going in Kenya, including:
 - National Climate Change Response Strategy {NCCRS} (2010) and National Climate Change Action Plan {NCCAP} (2013-2013) low-carbon development;
 - □ Kenya Vision 2030 a clean and secure environment;
 - \Box Constitution e.g. Article 42 a right to clean and healthy environment;
 - Medium Term Plan {MTP2} (2013-2017) endorsed development of Green Economy Strategy;
 - □ Environmental Coordination and Management Act EIA & Environmental Audits
 - Draft National Energy Policy (2014)
 - Sessional Paper No. 9 of 2012 on National Industrialization Policy Framework (2013 2030)

 \Box National Green Economy Strategy and Implementation Plan {GESIP} (2014)

- b) Green investment and innovation driven by:
 - □ Renewable energy sources;
 - □ Resource-efficient and clean production;
 - □ Pollution control and Waste management,
 - □ Environmental planning and governance, and
 - □ Restoration of forests and other vital ecosystems.

2. Policies for Green Economy (2)

- c) Greening Kenya Initiatives: Database developed on,
 - □ Manufacture of eco-friendly materials;
 - □ Tree planting;
 - □ Organic and fish farming;
 - □ Renewable energy;
 - **E**co-labeling
 - □ Solid waste and environmental management.

d) Expected results:

- □ Green Energy investments to lead to 2% reduction in energy consumption and expanded supply of electricity from renewable sources;
- □ Energy savings projected to reach 1.8GWh;
- □ CO2 emissions projected to increase annual from 12 million tonnes (2012) to 24.35 million tonnes by 2030 under green economy investments (9% lower);
- □ Increased usage of standards to enhance green initiatives such as Sanitary and Phytosanitary (SPS) measures; and Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) Regulations



3.1 Green Energy Technologies



Geothermal: Current production - 500 MW against a potential of 10,000MW.

2

Solar: Kenya astride the Equator by 4 degrees hence has daily potential of 4-6KWH/m^{2.} Solar PV Systems used for telecommunications, cathodic protection of pipelines, lighting & water pumping.



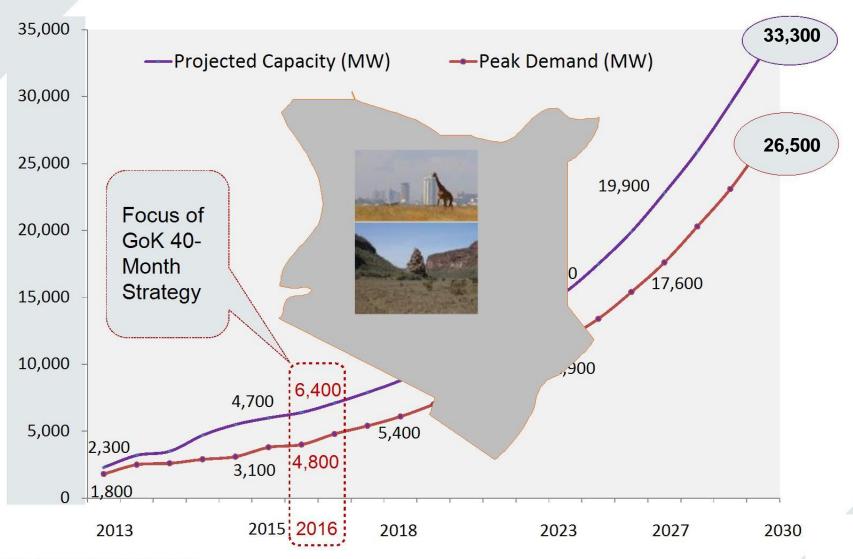
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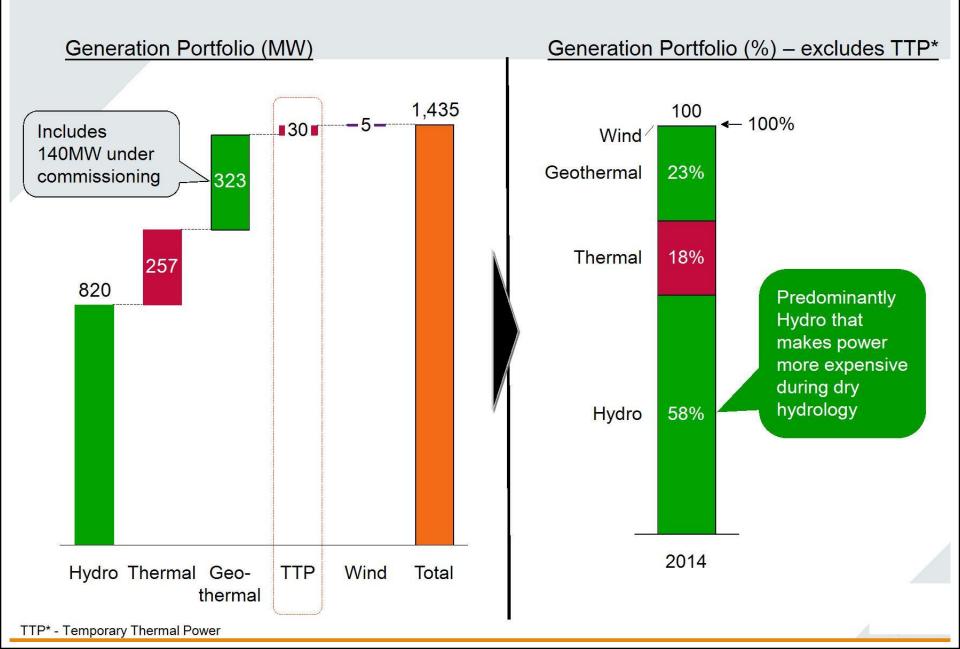
Wind: Average estimated wind speeds of 3-10m/s. An estimated 300-350 wind pumps are installed to date.



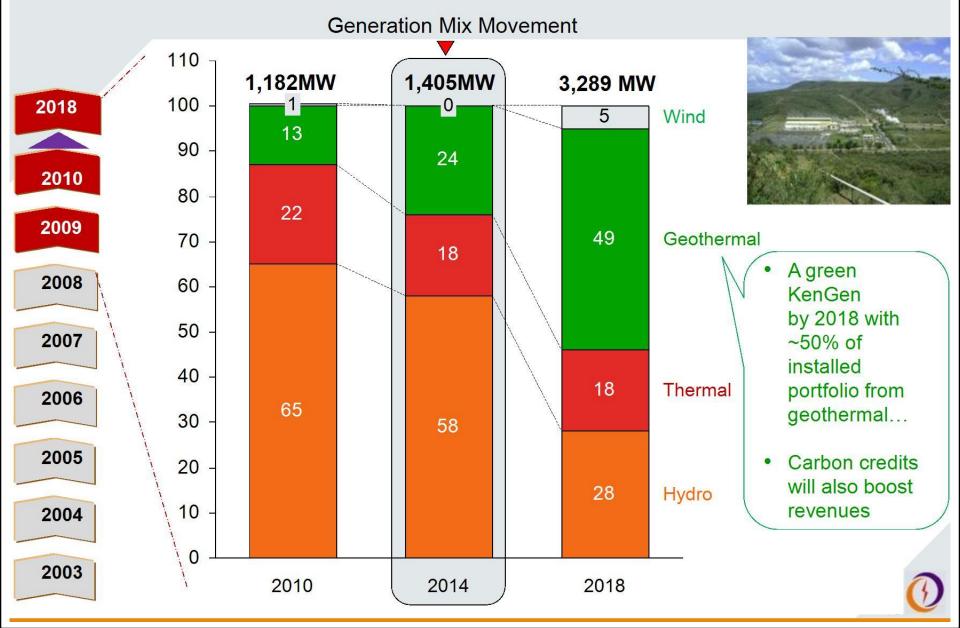
Biomass: Biomass density is moderate. Substantial potential identified for power generation using forestry and agro-industry residues (Bagasse, Flower, tea, coffee, rice husks)



3 OUR GENERATION PORTFOLIO



3 A GREEN KENGEN WITH STABLE REVENUES THROUGH GEOTHERMAL BASE-LOAD CAPACITY





The Government of Kenya is implementing various projects on Green/Renewable Energy targeting the Private Sector as follows:

1. Renewable Energy & Energy Efficiency Projects (KAM & Global Environment Fund)

Support to Private Sector for:

- Capacity building for energy efficiency
- Finances: Energy Efficiency (EE) and Renewable Energy (RE) Projects
- **Regulations:** Reinforcement of regulations and standards to ensure only energy efficient equipment are imported
- Reliable and affordable power supply
- Kshs. 9 billion (US\$ 103 million) or 168 MW savings realized from energy efficiency initiates and over 200 energy audits.

3. Climate SMART Agriculture Program

Objectives:

- Increase resilience to climate change
- Reduce Green House Gases (GHG) emissions
- Improve Productivity and provide adaptation

2. Africa Enterprise Challenge Fund

- Provision of Finance: Between US\$ 250,000 to US\$ 1.5 million issued in terms of loans or grants for energy technologies
- Applications: 120 applicants received(2014)
- **Technical Assistance:** Develop/pilot technologies adaptation.
- 25 companies signed up for **Energy Accords** resulting to 15% reduction in energy usage
- US\$ 39 million credit line available

4. Ultra-Low Head (ULH) - Micro Hydro Power (MHP) System Project

Installation of two units of 10kW each on irrigation channels. Project to focus on:

- System Demonstration: Non-grid generation
- Capacity Building: Site identification, development & assembly; Awareness building ULH-MHP; and Business modelling and Management
- Business Development and supply chain identification



3.3 Other Green Energy Initiatives



- 1. Kenya Climate Innovation Centre:
- 2. Kenya Biogas Association established.
- 3. Energy farm from flower farm waste set up in Naivasha.
- 4. Adoption of Eco-labeling through NEMA and KEBS.
- 5. Centre for Energy Efficiency and Conservation.
- 6. Kenya National Cleaner Production Centre in place.
- 7. Olkaria Green Energy Industrial park.
- 8. Ubbink solar panel factory.









3.3. Other Green Energy Initiatives (2)



- 9. Energy Regulations Gazetted
 - Energy Management Regulations
 - Solar Water Heating Regulations
 - Solar Photovoltaic Regulations
- 10. Standards and labelling for energy efficiency requirements setup for:
 - Motors
 - Lighting
 - Fridges & Air-conditioners
- Promotion of micro-utility approaches {DFID Kenya - £ 65 million (Kes 9 billion)}
 - Isolated off-grid systems
 - Green Mini-grids









4. Green Energy Project opportunities

- i. Landfill gas waste management
- ii. Wind power generation, which has huge potential in northern parts of the country
- iii. Energy efficiency technologies
- iv. Technologies that remove industrial GHG such as perfluorocarbons, hydrofluorocarbons, etc
- vi. Manufacture of green technology components such as Solar PV, wind turbines

<u>Conclusion</u>: Kenya is therefore committed to mitigating against climate change and striving to become a leading Green Economy. I encourage you all to partner with Kenya towards this end and assist in the development of green parks.

<u>Acknowledgement</u>: Contribution by, Dr. Virinder Sharma, Climate Change Advisor, DFID Kenya & Somalia

THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION



